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18				
19	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
	OAKLAN	D DIVISION		
20	SIERRA CLUB,			
21	and	Civil No.		
22	ENVIRONMENTAL DEFENSE FUND,) COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY			
23	Plaintiffs, AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF			
24	(Freedom of Information Act Case)			
25	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF			
26	ENERGY,			
27 -	Defendant.			
28				
	COMPANY AND THE			

COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Sierra Club and Environmental Defense Fund ("EDF"), through counsel, allege as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Defendant U.S. Department of Energy ("the Department") violated the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, by failing to produce documents in its possession following lawful requests by Sierra Club and EDF.
- 2. Throughout the last decade, the nation's power markets have driven investment in the energy sector through competitive wholesale auctions. These power markets promote affordable electricity rates by selecting the most economic sources of power. In recent years, natural gas, wind, and solar resources have proven to be more economic than coal and other resources. The Trump Administration has publicly worked to undermine these power markets through repeated efforts to bail out or otherwise preference uneconomic coal power. These efforts have been strongly supported and lobbied for, publicly and privately, by a small group of coal producers and owners of coal-fired power generation.
- 3. Soon after President Trump took office, Secretary of Energy Rick Perry began privately meeting with coal executives, including the Chief Executive Officer of Murray Energy Corporation, Robert E. Murray, a prominent supporter of President Trump. Mr. Murray presented Secretary Perry with a confidential action plan "to assist in the survival of our Country's coal industry," by eliminating numerous regulations affecting the industry. Press reports also reveal that other coal power interests have advocated for the Department to take action to prevent the closure of uneconomic coal plants.³

¹ See Eric Wolff, Bob Murray Had Early Access to Rick Perry to Share Coal Plan, POLITICO (Dec. 7, 2017), https://www.politico.com/story/2017/12/07/bob-murray-rick-perry-coal-meeting-photos-211954.

²⁴ See id.; Letter from Robert E. Murray to Sec'y Perry (Mar. 28, 2017), with attached Action Plan for Reliable and Low Cost Electricity in America and to Assist in the Survival of our

Country's Coal Industry, available starting on page 17 of documents made public by E&E News at https://www.eenews.net/assets/2018/06/07/document_gw_01.pdf [hereinafter Action Plan].

³ Ari Natter, *How Coal Giant Peabody's Ideas Ended Up in Trump's Coal Study*, BLOOMBERG (Nov. 8, 2017), https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2017-11-08/how-coal-giant-peabody-

- 1 4. Since his confirmation, Secretary Perry has expressed concern about the retirement of coal facilities and an interest in bailing out struggling coal plants. Specifically, 2 3 Secretary Perry has claimed that the retirement of coal plants could threaten the "reliability and resiliency of our nation's grid."4 4 5. The National Energy Technology Laboratory ("NETL"), a sub-unit of the 5 Department of Energy, published a report on March 13, 2018 asserting that coal-fired generation 6 had played a critical role during a winter storm.⁵ The Department did not publicize the report 7
 - 6. On March 29, 2018, FirstEnergy Solutions Corporation, the owner of several coal and nuclear plants, officially requested that the Department use its emergency authority under Section 202(c) of the Federal Power Act ("FPA"), 16 U.S.C. § 824a(c). FirstEnergy Solutions requested an order that would provide cost recovery plus return on equity to all merchant coal and nuclear plants in the PJM Interconnection, which covers parts or all of thirteen states and the District of Columbia. FPA Section 202(c) has not previously been used in the manner requested by FirstEnergy Solutions, which would result in billions of dollars in revenue flowing to dozens

until March 27, 2018, 6 at which point the report's methodology was widely criticized as arbitrary

s-ideas-ended-up-in-trump-s-coal-study; Steve Eder et al., *A Courtside View of Scott Pruitt's Cozy Ties With a Billionaire Coal Baron*, N.Y. TIMES (June 2, 2018), https://www.nytimes.com/2018/06/02/us/scott-pruitt-coal-joseph-craft.html.

Letter from Sec'y Perry to Neil Chatterjee, Chairman, Fed. Energy Regulatory Comm'n, et al. (Sept. 28, 2017), available at

https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2017/09/f37/Secretary%20Rick%20Perry%27s%20Letter%20to%20the%20Federal%20Energy%20Regulatory%20Commission.pdf.

See Peter Balash et al., NETL, Reliability, Resilience and the Oncoming Wave of Retiring Baseload Units, Volume I: The Critical Role of Thermal Units During Extreme Weather Events (Mar. 13, 2018), https://www.netl.doe.gov/energy-

analyses/temp/ReliabilityandtheOncomingWaveofRetiringBaseloadUnitsVolumeITheCriticalRoleofThermalUnits_031318.pdf.

⁶ See U.S. Dep't of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, NETL Study Highlights the Importance of Coal for Power Generation During "Bomb Cyclone" Power Demands (Mar. 27, 2018), https://www.energy.gov/fe/articles/netl-study-highlights-importance-coal-power-generation-during-bomb-cyclone-power-demands.

⁷ See, e.g., Michael Goggin, Fossil Lab Misses Mark in Cold Weather "Resilience" Report, SUSTAINABLE FERC PROJECT (Mar. 28, 2018), http://sustainableferc.org/fossil-lab-misses-mark-in-cold-weather-resilience-report/.

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of power plants based on vague references to fuel security concerns, rather than evidence or analysis that customers will imminently lose power without the operation of a particular plant or other power system infrastructure.

- 7. Efforts to bail out or otherwise preference uneconomic coal and nuclear power have been opposed by a broad coalition of energy companies, free-market groups, environmental advocates, State Attorneys General, and former federal regulators. These organizations and individuals have emphasized, among other concerns, that interference with wholesale power markets to preference coal and nuclear resources threatens the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's ("FERC's") statutory mandate of ensuring both just and reasonable rates and rates that are not unduly discriminatory or preferential. 9
- 8. On June 1, 2018, President Trump ordered Secretary Perry to "prepare immediate steps" to halt the further closure of coal and nuclear plants. Additionally, a leaked Department draft memorandum, dated May 29, 2018, showed that the Administration was considering intervention in America's electricity markets premised on national security and emergency

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⁸ See Am. Petrol. Inst., Broad Energy Coalition Condemns Action to Subsidize Failing Coal, Nuclear Plants (June 1, 2018), https://www.api.org/news-policy-and-

Council on Renewable Energy, American Wind Energy Association, Business Council for Sustainable Energy, Electricity Consumers Resources Council, Electric Power Supply

Conservatives Pan Trump's Move to Save Failing Coal and Nuclear Plants, CNBC (June 5, 2018), https://www.cnbc.com/2018/06/05/conservative-groups-pan-trumps-move-to-bail-out-

https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2018/05/10/AGO%20Comments%20on%20DOE%20s20 2(e)%20request%20(5.9.2018).pdf; REUTERS, Former Commissioners Urge U.S. FERC to Reject Coal, Nuclear Subsidies (Oct. 20, 2017), https://www.reuters.com/article/usa-ferc-coal-

24 nuclear/former-commissioners-urge-u-s-ferc-to-reject-coal-nuclear-subsidies-idUSL2N1MV13G.

See, e.g., Comments of Ten State Attorneys General 3-7, supra note 8;

The White House, *Statement from the Press Secretary on Fuel-Secure Power Facilities* (June 1, 2018), https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefings-statements/statement-press-secretary-fuel-secure-power-facilities/.

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¹⁷ issues/news/2018/06/01/oil-wind-solar-condemn-action-to-subsidize-failing-coal-nuclear-plants (quoting officials from American Petroleum Institute, Advanced Energy Economy, American

Association, Energy Storage Association, Natural Gas Supply Association, and Solar Energy Industries Association; Tom DiChristopher, "Economy Crippling" and "Third Grade" Work:

Conservatives Pan Trump's Move to Save Failing Coal and Nuclear Plants. CNBC (June 5.)

coal-nuclear-plants.html; Comments of Ten State Attorneys General, Objections to FirstEnergy Solutions Corp.'s Request for Emergency Order Pursuant to Federal Power Act Section 202(c),
 CNBC (May 9, 2018),

- strong proponent of clean energy sources, sought to further its long-standing interest in government accountability and transparency by filing two FOIA requests with the Department beginning in March 2018.
- 10. On March 30, 2018, Sierra Club submitted a request to the Department for internal and external communications regarding the March 13, 2018 NETL report, along with calendars, meeting sign-in sheets, and other records that would reveal persons who had met with staff at the Department and NETL regarding the NETL report (Attachment A).
- 11. On April 20, 2018, Sierra Club submitted a FOIA request for all records relating to any request or proposal that the Department exercise its authority under FPA Section 202(c) (Attachment B).
- 12. FOIA required the Department to make a determination on Sierra Club's requests by April 27, 2018 and May 18, 2018, respectively, and to produce responsive documents shortly thereafter. The Department has ignored the deadline required by FOIA and still has not made a final determination on either of Sierra Club's two requests, as FOIA required it to do. The Department has produced a subset of responsive documents relating to Sierra Club's first request, but none in response to the second request. In doing so, the Department has violated the law.
- 13. Environmental Defense Fund, a not-for-profit organization working toward a clean, modern energy system that will better protect public health while providing economic

²⁴ See Jennifer A. Dlouhy, Trump Prepares Lifeline for Money-Losing Coal Plants, BLOOMBERG (May 31, 2018), https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2018-06-01/trump-said-to-grant-

²⁵ lifeline-to-money-losing-coal-power-plants-jhv94ghl. The draft memorandum, styled as an Addendum, is available at https://www.documentcloud.org/documents/4491203-Grid-Memo.html [hereinafter *May 29 Draft Memorandum*].

¹² See May 29 Draft Memorandum, supra, § V.B.2.

- 14. On April 4, 2018, EDF submitted a FOIA request for records related to the Department's possible use of emergency authority, including under FPA Section 202(c), as well as correspondence between a select list of Department personnel and representatives of FirstEnergy Solutions (Attachment C).
- 15. Also on April 4, 2018, EDF submitted a FOIA request for correspondence between contributors to the NETL report and a short list of Department personnel and any representatives of FirstEnergy (Attachment D).
- 16. FOIA required the Department to make a determination on EDF's requests by May 2, 2018, and to produce responsive documents shortly thereafter. The Department ignored the deadline required by FOIA and still has not made a determination on either of EDF's two requests, nor produced any documents, as FOIA required it to do. In doing so, the Department has violated the law.
- 17. Sierra Club and EDF thus bring this lawsuit to ensure the Department complies with its obligations under FOIA, and respectfully request that the Court order the Department to produce all non-exempt documents responsive to their four requests. These records are imperative for the public to understand what information the Department is receiving concerning electric system reliability, the alleged need for coal and nuclear units to support reliability, and how the Department is conducting itself in investigating these issues.
- 18. Timely disclosure is imperative given the continued signs that the Department will take action in the near future to support uneconomic coal and nuclear facilities, and the substantial and detrimental impact that the Department's action could have on FERC's statutory mandate to ensure just and reasonable rates that are not unduly discriminatory or preferential. The documents sought, which would additionally shed light on the influence of industry lobbyists on the Department's decisionmaking, relate to a matter of significant public interest and concern with major implications for competitive power markets, public health, and the

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19. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

JURISDICTION, VENUE, AND INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

- 20. Venue is proper in this Court under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B) because Plaintiff Sierra Club has its principal place of business in Oakland, California.
- 21. For the same reason, intradistrict assignment is proper in the Oakland Division. *See* N.D. Cal. L.R. 3-2.

PARTIES

- 22. Plaintiff Sierra Club is incorporated in the State of California as a Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation with headquarters in Oakland, California. Sierra Club is the nation's oldest environmental grassroots organization and has more than 3.5 million members and supporters nationwide. Sierra Club is dedicated to protecting and preserving the natural and human environment, and its purpose is to explore, enjoy, and protect the wild places of the earth; to practice and promote the responsible use of the earth's ecosystems and resources; and to educate and enlist humanity to protect and restore the quality of the natural and human environments. Sierra Club is a leading non-governmental organization seeking to educate and mobilize the public on issues of climate change, fossil fuel energy, and clean energy. It conducts multiple public campaigns around these issues, including its Beyond Coal Campaign and Dirty Fuels Campaign. In support of those efforts and to further Sierra Club's long-standing interest in government accountability and transparency, Sierra Club submitted to the Department the two FOIA requests described above at paragraphs 10 and 11.
- 23. Plaintiff EDF is a not-for-profit membership organization incorporated in the State of New York. With more than 2 million members and supporters nationwide, EDF's mission is to preserve the natural systems on which all life depends. Guided by science and economics, EDF finds practical and lasting solutions to the most serious environmental problems. EDF advocates for turning the corner to a safe and stable climate by rapidly reducing

- 24. Plaintiffs bring this action on their own behalf and on behalf of their members. Plaintiffs and their members have been and continue to be injured by Defendant's failure to provide requested records within the timeframes mandated by the FOIA. The requested relief will redress these injuries.
- 25. Defendant U.S. Department of Energy is an agency of the executive branch of the United States government within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. § 551(1). It has in its possession and control the records sought by Sierra Club and EDF, and as such, is subject to FOIA pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(f).

STATUTORY FRAMEWORK

- 26. FOIA requires that federal agencies promptly release, upon request by a member of the public, documents and records within the possession of the agency, unless a statutory exemption applies. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)-(b).
- 27. Within twenty business days of an agency's receipt of a FOIA request, the agency must "determine . . . whether to comply" with the request. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(i). The agency must "immediately notify" the requester of "such determination and the reasons therefor." *Id.* If an agency determines that it will comply with the request, it must "promptly" release responsive, non-exempt records to the requester. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(C)(i).
- 28. If the agency fails to comply with the statutory time limits, the requester is deemed to have exhausted her administrative remedies. *Id.* District courts may enjoin an agency

from withholding agency records and "order the production of any agency records improperly withheld." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B).

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 29. The current Administration and Department have publicly and repeatedly focused on undermining power markets through continued efforts to bail out or otherwise preference uneconomic coal and nuclear power. These efforts have been strongly supported and lobbied for, publicly and privately, by a small group of coal mine and coal power resource owners.
- 30. The Administration and Department's consideration of a coal bailout dates back to at least March 2017. At that time, the Department was in repeated contact with coal industry interests, both in the form of e-mail correspondence and in-person meetings. During the same month, Secretary Perry met with the CEO of Murray Energy Corporation, Robert E. Murray. During the meeting, Mr. Murray gave Secretary Perry a four-page "action plan" for reviving the country's struggling coal industry. The document included a series of action items aimed at increasing utilization of coal power by, among other things, eliminating regulations intended to protect public health and issuing an "emergency directive" to forestall the retirement of most coal-fired power plants for at least two years. 14
- 31. On April 14, 2017, Secretary Perry issued a memorandum requesting a study on the reliability of the electricity grid. 15
- 32. On August 4, 2017, Mr. Murray wrote to White House special assistant John D. McEntee II asserting that he and the FirstEnergy Solutions Corporation chief executive had "personally" met with President Trump in Huntington, West Virginia, the previous evening. ¹⁶

¹³ See Steve Mufson, An American Energy Plan Straight from Coal Country, WASHINGTON POST (Dec. 8, 2017), https://www.washingtonpost.com/business/economy/an-american-energy-plan-straight-from-coal-country/2017/12/08/1f207a26-d6ab-11e7-a986-d0a9770d9a3e_story.html; see also Action Plan, supra note 2.

¹⁴ See Action Plan, supra note 2.

¹⁵ Mem. from Rick Perry, Sec'y of Energy, to Chief of Staff, U.S. Dep't of Energy, Study Examining Electricity Markets and Reliability (Apr. 14, 2017).

¹⁶ Letter from Robert E. Murray, Chairman, President and Chief Exec. Officer of Murray Energy Corp. to John D. McEntee III [sic], Special Assistant and Personal Aide to the President, at 1

- 1 According to Mr. Murray's letter, during that encounter, President Trump "turned to [Mr.
- 2 McEntee] and said 'tell [National Economic Council director Gary] Cohn to do whatever these
- two want him to do." The letter also stated, "We are desperate for the President to . . . order 3
- Energy Secretary Perry to invoke Section 202(c) of the Federal Power Act for FirstEnergy's 4
- merchant power plants" and that FirstEnergy Solutions was "on the verge of bankruptcy," which 5
- would "force Murray Energy Corporation into immediate bankruptcy." 18 6
 - Secretary's April 14 memorandum. 19 The study found the electric grid was and continues to be reliable and that coal plants were primarily closing due to economic considerations rather than

On August 28, 2017, the Department published the study requested in the

- regulatory pressure. However, Secretary Perry, in a cover letter to the study, asserted that further 10
- action is needed for a resilient and reliable electricity system. ²⁰ The following month, the 11
- Department issued a proposal to FERC under Section 403 of the FPA. 21 The proposal sought to 12
- 13 provide coal and nuclear units throughout the eastern United States with guaranteed cost of
- 14 service plus a return on equity. The Department's proposal premised this relief upon a need to
- ensure grid "resilience." On January 8, 2018, FERC unanimously rejected the Department's 15
- proposal on the basis that it failed to identify a cognizable grid resilience concern and that the 16
- proposed action would not have met the requirements of the FPA.²² 17
 - 34. On March 13, 2018, NETL published a report entitled "Reliability, Resilience,

(Aug. 4, 2017), https://www.documentcloud.org/documents/3936141-Murray-s-letters-to-Trump-administration.html. 20

18 Id.

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¹⁹ U.S. Dep't of Energy, Staff Report to the Secretary on Electricity Markets and Reliability (Aug. 2017),

https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2017/08/f36/Staff%20Report%20on%20Electricity%20

23 Markets%20and%20Reliability_0.pdf.

Rick Perry, Sec'y of Energy, Cover Letter to Staff Report to the Secretary on Electricity Markets and Reliability (Aug. 23, 2017),

https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2017/08/f36/Secretary%20Perry%20Grid%20Study%20 Cover%20Letter.pdf.

Grid Resiliency Pricing Rule, 82 Fed. Reg. 46,940 (proposed Oct. 10, 2017) (signed Sept. 29,

Grid Reliability and Resilience Pricing et al., 162 FERC ¶ 61,012 (Jan. 8, 2018).

1	and the Oncoming Wave of Retiring Baseload Units, Volume I: The Critical Role of Thermal			
2	Units During Extreme Weather Events." The report stated that coal was vital to grid resilience			
3	during the winter freeze or "bomb cyclone" weather event in December 2017 and January 2018.			
4	The Department publicized this report for the first time on March 27, 2018. 23			
5	35. On March 29, 2018, FirstEnergy Solutions Corp. requested that the Department			
6	use its authority under FPA Section 202(c) to provide full cost recovery plus a return on equity to			
7	coal and nuclear plants in the PJM Interconnection, asserting that current market conditions are			
8	"threat to energy security and reliability." FirstEnergy Solutions Corp.'s request relied			
9	substantially on the NETL report, publicized only two days earlier.			
10	36. On May 31, 2018, the media obtained a draft Department memorandum			
11	containing draft order language that would compel substantial payments to coal and nuclear			
12	generators under FPA Section 202(c) and the Defense Production Act. 50 U.S.C. § 4511(a). The			
13	draft Department memorandum asserts that these resources are necessary for grid resilience,			
14	reliability, and national defense.			
15	37. On June 1, 2018, President Trump ordered Secretary Perry to "prepare immediate			
16	steps" to halt the further closure and nuclear plants. 25			
17	Sierra Club Requests for Department Documents Pursuant to FOIA			
18	38. Due to the enormous impact upon the public of continued operation of costly coal			
19	and nuclear plants and a lack of evidence suggesting that those power plants are necessary to			
20	energy resilience and reliability, Sierra Club submitted two FOIA requests related to the			
21	Department's efforts to support such plants.			
22	39. On March 30, 2018, Sierra Club submitted a request to the Department for			
23	See U.S. Dep't of Energy, supra note 6.			
24	²⁴ FirstEnergy Solutions Corp., <i>Re: Request for Emergency Order Pursuant to Federal Power Act Section 202(c)</i> (Mar. 29, 2018), https://statepowerproject.files.wordpress.com/2018/03/fes-			
25	202c-application.pdf. The White House, Statement from the Press Secretary on Fuel-Secure Power Facilities (June			
26	1, 2018), https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefings-statements/statement-press-secretary-fuel-secure-power-facilities/.			
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- internal and external communications regarding the March 13, 2018 NETL report, along with calendars, meeting sign-in sheets, and other records that would reveal persons who had met with staff at the Department and NETL regarding the NETL report (Attachment A).
- 40. On April 20, 2018, Sierra Club submitted a FOIA request for all records relating to any request or proposal that the Department exercise its authority under FPA Section 202(c) (Attachment B).
- 41. Sierra Club submitted these requests as part of its ongoing national effort to address the pressing problems of climate change, air pollution, and our national dependence on dirty and expensive energy sources such as coal and to promote the use of clean energy sources. Sierra Club's membership and the general public are very interested in how Secretary Perry and others in the Department are conducting the government's work and how outside entities may have influenced the Department's decisions.
- 42. After Sierra Club submitted the initial FOIA request on March 30, 2018, the Department's Melissa Darr sent an e-mail on April 3, 2018 acknowledging that the request had been received and assigning a request tracking number of HQ-2018-00883-F. Subsequently, on April 16, 2018 Celtia Rokebrand sent an e-mail accepting the fee waiver and assigning the request to Ann Guy.
- 43. On April 20, 2018, Sierra Club sent an e-mail to Ms. Guy requesting an update on the FOIA request. Ms. Guy explained that she would provide an update soon.
- 44. After not receiving an update, Sierra Club sent an e-mail on May 1, 2018 and again on May 30, 2018 requesting an update. Ms. Darr called back on June 1, 2018 and confirmed that the current estimate for the FOIA production was June 14, 2018.
- 45. On July 18, 2018, Sierra Club received a partial response to its March 30, 2018 request. In the letter conveying the partial response, the Department did not explain what percentage of the total responsive records this partial response contained, nor provide any estimate for when the remaining records would be provided, though it noted that its comprehensive search for documents was ongoing.

- 46. FOIA required the Department to make a final determination upon Sierra Club's first request within twenty working days of the request, which was April 27, 2018, and to produce documents responsive to the request immediately thereafter. *See* 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(i).
- 47. The Department's response to Sierra Club's April 20, 2018 request is as follows. On April 24, 2018, Kyle Kemper sent an e-mail to Sierra Club to confirm that the request had been received, and assigning tracking number HQ-2018-00985-F.
- 48. On June 12, 2018, Mr. Kemper sent an e-mail to request that Sierra Club agree to waive production of all draft documents. The following day Sierra Club attorney Sanjay Narayan agreed to waive, only as part of this request, preliminary drafts of otherwise available final orders or decisions, except those shared outside of the agency, with assurance of a Vaughn index for excluded documents.
- 49. On June 13, Mr. Kemper sent an e-mail to Sierra Club confirming that the Department (1) will not exclude drafts shared with any person outside the federal agency, or any documents drafted by someone other than agency employees; (2) will provide an index of excluded drafts; (3) expects to have documents by the first week of July; and (4) that Sierra Club may request unreleased drafts by subsequent FOIA request.
- 50. Sierra Club has still not received any documents in response to its April 20, 2018 request.
- 51. FOIA required the Department to make a final determination upon Sierra Club's second request within twenty working days of the request, which was May 18, 2018 and to produce documents responsive to the request immediately thereafter. *See* 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(i).
- 52. The Department's failure to make a final determination in response to Sierra Club's requests, or produce documents to the Sierra Club in response to its requests, by the deadlines applicable to each request as stated in paragraphs 10-12, supra, is unlawful under FOIA.

Immediate access to the requested information is crucial to Sierra Club because it

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capabilities and regulatory authorities, including FPA Section 202(c).

EDF Requests for Department Documents Pursuant to FOIA

- 54. Concerned that the Department would seek to use emergency authority under the Federal Power Act or some other statute to increase the utilization or forestall the retirements of high-polluting, uneconomic coal plants, on April 4, 2018, EDF submitted a request for correspondence from nine record custodians at the Department containing specified search terms related to the use of emergency authority (Attachment C). The FOIA request also sought all correspondence between the record custodians and employees or representatives of FirstEnergy Solutions and the law firm that submitted FirstEnergy Solutions' March 29 request to the Department.
- 55. On April 16, 2018, the Department granted EDF's request for a fee waiver. By the same letter, the Department informed EDF that it had assigned the FOIA request tracking number HQ-2018-00900-F and directed EDF to contact Anjelica Ruda with any questions. In a cover e-mail to the letter, Ms. Ruda asked "to discuss the search terms to use for the search of outside entities and people."
- 56. On April 18, 2018, EDF's John Bullock and Benjamin Levitan discussed the search terms with Ms. Ruda. Later that day, Mr. Bullock e-mailed Ms. Ruda more specific search terms based on their discussion. This clarification provided specific email domains (e.g., "@firstenergycorp.com") to help identify employees or representatives of FirstEnergy Solutions. The clarification also specifically named six individuals who should be included regardless of which email address they were using.

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- 57. On May 9, 2018, Mr. Bullock called Ms. Ruda, who informed him that the Department would not complete its search for records for another month. On May 15, Ms. Ruda informed Mr. Bullock by e-mail that she would no longer be managing this FOIA request and indicated that the new contact person was Sheree DeBerry.
- 58. On May 24, 2018, after several unsuccessful attempts to reach Ms. DeBerry by phone and email, Mr. Bullock again called Ms. DeBerry, but a different Department representative answered the telephone and informed Mr. Bullock that the Department would likely not complete its search for responsive records for another month.
- 59. More than five weeks later, on July 2, 2018, Ms. DeBerry called EDF to ask for additional information about some of the individuals identified in EDF's April 18 clarification. Mr. Bullock explained that EDF was requesting all correspondence between those individuals and the Department officials enumerated in the original FOIA request, regardless of which email addresses the individuals were using. Ms. DeBerry confirmed that the Department would perform the search accordingly. On July 9, Ms. DeBerry provided a list of search terms that the Department planned to use to identify the individuals in question. On July 17, Mr. Bullock reiterated that EDF was requesting all correspondence between the enumerated Department officials and those individuals, regardless of which search terms the Department utilized.
- 60. EDF has received no further correspondence from the Department about this FOIA request.
- 61. Concerned about a perceived lack of objectivity in the NETL report, and that the Department might try to use the report to justify harmful efforts to increase the utilization or forestall the retirements of uneconomic coal plants, on April 4, 2018, EDF submitted a request for correspondence between the authors of the NETL report and nine officials at the Department headquarters, as well as representatives of FirstEnergy or the law firm that submitted FirstEnergy's March 29 request to the Department. The request was limited to correspondence that contained one or more of a short list of search terms related to the NETL report. EDF also specifically requested the memorandum initiating the NETL report from Steve Winberg, the

Department's Assistant Secretary of Fossil Energy, to Peter Balash, a member of NETL's Energy Systems Analysis team.

- 62. On April 16, 2018, the Department granted EDF's request for a fee waiver. By the same letter, the Department informed EDF that it had assigned the FOIA request tracking number HQ-2018-00901-F and directed EDF to contact Melissa Darr with any questions.
- 63. On April 20, 2018, EDF's Benjamin Levitan left a voicemail for Ms. Darr seeking information about this FOIA request and followed up with an e-mail. On April 27, having not heard back, Mr. Levitan again called Ms. Darr, who stated that the search for records was still in progress.
- 64. On May 23, 2018, Mr. Levitan called Ms. Darr, who indicated that she was still waiting to receive the search results. She further indicated that a separate process of record review was occurring within NETL and stated that she would seek an update from NETL and relay that information to Mr. Levitan.
- 65. On June 1, 2018, Mr. Levitan e-mailed Ms. Darr, seeking any updates about the progress of this request at Department headquarters and NETL.
- 66. On June 14, 2018, Mr. Levitan left a voicemail for Ms. Darr seeking any updates about the progress of this request. On June 15, 2018, Mr. Levitan followed up with an e-mail. Later that day, Ms. Darr responded by e-mail that she was still awaiting all of the search results. She further stated that some of the records at both headquarters and NETL had been approved for release by subject-matter experts but provided no estimate of when EDF would receive those records.
- 67. The Department's deadline for issuing determinations on EDF's two FOIA requests lapsed on May 2, 2018. To date, the Department has failed to issue such determinations or produce any documents in response to these requests, in violation of FOIA.
- 68. Immediate access to the requested information is critical because of the urgency with which the White House has demanded that the Department take action to increase the utilization or forestall the retirements of uneconomic coal plants, which could have devastating

consequences for public health, the environment, and freely competitive energy markets. It is essential that the public have access to information about the motivations and justifications for any such action.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF FOIA, 5 U.S.C. § 552

- 69. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all the foregoing paragraphs in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 70. First, upon its records request to the Department dated March 30, 2018, Sierra Club became statutorily entitled under FOIA to receive from the Department all records responsive to its request concerning the NETL report. At a minimum, FOIA required the Department to provide Sierra Club with a final determination upon Sierra Club's request by April 27, 2018, and to produce non-exempt records responsive to the request immediately thereafter.
- 71. Second, upon its records request to the Department dated April 20, 2018, Sierra Club became statutorily entitled under FOIA to receive from the Department all non-exempt records responsive to its request concerning FPA Section 202(c). At a minimum, FOIA required the Department to provide Sierra Club with a final determination upon Sierra Club's request by May 18, 2018, and to produce non-exempt records responsive to the request immediately thereafter.
- 72. Third, upon its records request to the Department dated April 4, 2018, EDF became statutorily entitled under FOIA to receive from the Department all records responsive to its request concerning the use of emergency authority. At a minimum, FOIA required the Department to provide EDF with a final determination upon EDF's request by May 2, 2018, and to produce non-exempt records responsive to the request immediately thereafter.
- 73. Fourth, upon its records request to the Department dated April 4, 2018, EDF became statutorily entitled under FOIA to receive from the Department all non-exempt records responsive to its request concerning the NETL report. At a minimum, FOIA required the

1	Department to	o provide EDF with a final determination upon EDF's request by May 2, 2018, and		
2	to produce no	on-exempt records responsive to the request immediately thereafter.		
3	74.	The Department has failed to provide Sierra Club and EDF with final		
4	determinations upon their respective requests, and is thus in violation of FOIA.			
5	75.	The Department has failed to produce to Sierra Club and EDF any documents		
6	responsive to three of their four respective requests, and to provide all non-exempt documents			
7	responsive to a fourth request, and is thus in violation of FOIA.			
8	PRAYER FOR RELIEF			
9	WHEREFORE, Sierra Club and EDF respectfully request that this Court enter judgmen			
10	against the Department as follows:			
11	1.	Declaring that the Department has violated FOIA by failing to make a final		
12	determination upon Plaintiffs' FOIA requests and by failing to produce all non-exempt records			
13	responsive to Plaintiffs' FOIA requests by the statutory deadlines;			
14	2.	Ordering that the Department immediately produce the requested records to		
15	Plaintiffs;			
16	3.	Retaining jurisdiction over this matter to rule on any assertions by the Department		
17	that certain re	ecords are exempt from disclosure;		
18	4.	Ordering the Department to produce an index identifying any documents or parts		
19	thereof that it	withholds and the basis for the withholdings, in the event that the Department		
20	determines th	at certain records are exempt from disclosure;		
21	5.	Awarding Sierra Club and EDF their costs and reasonable attorneys' fees; and		
22	6.	Granting such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.		
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1	Dated: August 6, 2018	Ву:
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		COMPLAINT
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